Chemical leasing training Quantification of benefits

IAMC Toolkit

Innovative Approaches for the Sound Management of Chemicals and Chemical Waste







Overview of the presentation

- The sustainability criteria and their indicators
- II A concrete example of monitoring
- III The Global Chemical Leasing Award
- IV The major overall benefits



1. Reduction of adverse impacts for environment, health, energy and resource consumption caused by chemicals and their application and production processes

2. Improved handling and storage of chemicals to prevent and minimize risks

3. No substitution of chemicals by substances with a higher risk

4. Economic and social benefits are generated; a contract should contain the objective of continuous improvements and should enable a fair and transparent sharing of the benefits between the partners

5. Monitoring of the improvements needs to be possible

Chemical Leasing is not yet a mainstream model and sufficient quantification is sometimes lacking

Need for support to companies in the implementation, fulfilment, documentation and quantification of the sustainability criteria Necessity of development of a standardised method to help evaluating ChL applications and to verify adherence of the criteria

Chemical Leasing SMART 5

a German Environment Agency project

CONCRETE PROJECT CONTENT



Development of sub-criteria and indicators for each Sustainability Criterion

Development of an indicator checklist to screen a Chemical Leasing project

Development of the SMART 5 tool

Facilitate the implementation of Chemical Leasing in companies

Support the companies in their data collection efforts

Measure and quantifiable the benefits

Verify if the sustainability criteria are met

Emissions of pollutants into

DEVELOPMENT OF SUB-CRITERIA AND INDICATORS EXAMPLE WITH THE FIRST CRITERIA

Reduction of adverse impacts the air Emissions of pollutants into wastewater Waste (total and hazardous waste) Power supply in the application Energy supply (indirect) in the supply chain Greenhouse gas emissions in the application Resource requirements in the application Nitrogen Oxides Ammonia Sulphur dioxide Non-methane volatile organic compounds Particulate matter POPs (persistent organic pollutants) Heavy metal Other emissions into the air Chemical oxygen demand **Biological oxygen demand** Absorbable organic halogen compounds Nitrogen compounds Phosphorus compounds Other emissions in waste water

Indicators

Criteria

Sub-criteria

DEVELOPMENT OF THE INDICATOR CHECKLIST EXAMPLE OF THE FIRST CRITERIA

Sustainability Criteria	Sub-criteria	Indicator for Chemical Leasing	Screening	Comment
Reduction of adverse impacts for environ- ment, health, energy and resource con- sumption caused by chemicals and their applica- tion and pro- duction pro- cesses	emitted into	Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	 decreased equal increased 	
		Ammonia (NH ₃)	 decreased equal increased 	
		Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂)	 decreased equal increased 	
		Non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC)	 decreased equal increased 	
		Particulate matter (PM2.5/PM10)	 decreased equal increased 	
		POPs (persistent organic pollutants	 decreased equal increased 	
		Heavy metals	 decreased equal increased 	
		Other emissions into the air	 decreased equal increased 	

DEVELOPMENT OF THE SMART 5 TOOL

Based on a comparative approach (old/new)

Automatic calculation of the progress

Colour coding for benefits

				-				
	Reduction of adverse impacts for environment, health, energy and resource consumption				ÖD19			
	Reduction of adverse impacts for environment, health, energy and resource consumption caused by chemicals and their applications and production processes.							
	1 Polluta	nts emitted into the air						
\star	have dat	ndicate which emissions are measured. If you a for more than three pollutants, please extend by pressing the plus sign (see green arrow).						
			old	new	Unit	difference [absol.]	difference [%]	degree of change
	No 1:	e.g. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	300	50	please select	-250	-83%	significant decrease
	No 2:	e.g. Ammonia (NH₃)	200	10	please select	-190	-95%	significant decrease
	No 3:	e.g. Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂)	10	30	please select	20	200%	significant increase
	2 Pollutants emitted in waste water							
:	3 Volume of waste (total and hazardous waste)							
	4 Energy demand during the application							
	5 Energy demand (indirect) in the supply chain							
	6 Greenhouse gas emissions during the application							
	7 Resource demand during the application							

CONCLUSION

To monitor your Chemical Leasing project, use the SMART 5 tool and its indicators

Remember to do a regular and serious monitoring

This will give more credibility to your Chemical Leasing project and support your application for the Chemical Leasing Award

A Concrete Example of Monitoring

Oil dehydration and water purification in Colombia





NCPC NATIONAL CLEANER PRODUCTION CENTRE





Unit of payment

Before Chemical Leasing: USD per gallons or kilos of chemicals purchased

With Chemical Leasing: USD per kilo barrels of oil of specified quality

Reduction in chemicals consumption : 113 t/y

Economic benefits

Energy savings

Financial savings

- Decrease of oil and grease used in the cooling towers

- Cost savings due to the recovery of oil in the stabilization pools and lower costs for maintenance of the pools and cooling towers

- Reduction of the costs of the treatment process by almost 20%

- Reduction of drums used for the transport and storage of the chemicals

Before Chemical Leasing

Total energy consumption per year: approx. 3,400 MWh

- direct via electricity: approx. 50 MWh
- indirect via materials: approx. 3,350 MWh

After Chemical Leasing (reduction in chemicals consumption of 113 t/y)

Total energy savings per year: approx. 500 MWh (indirect energy savings)

 \rightarrow Reduction of 15 %

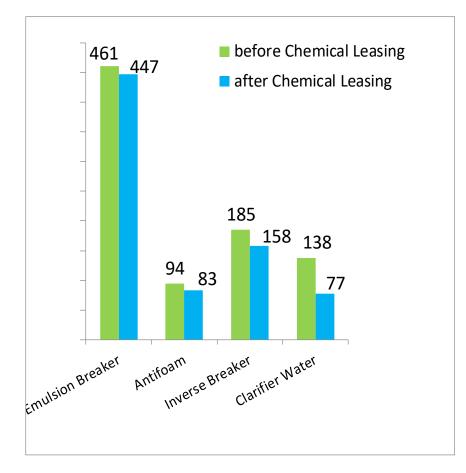
Direct energy consumption (approx. 50 MWh) remains more or less equal under Chemical Leasing

For Nalco

USD 164,630 in 2008 and USD 249,418 in 2009

For Ecopetrol

USD 2,500,000 in 2008 and 2009

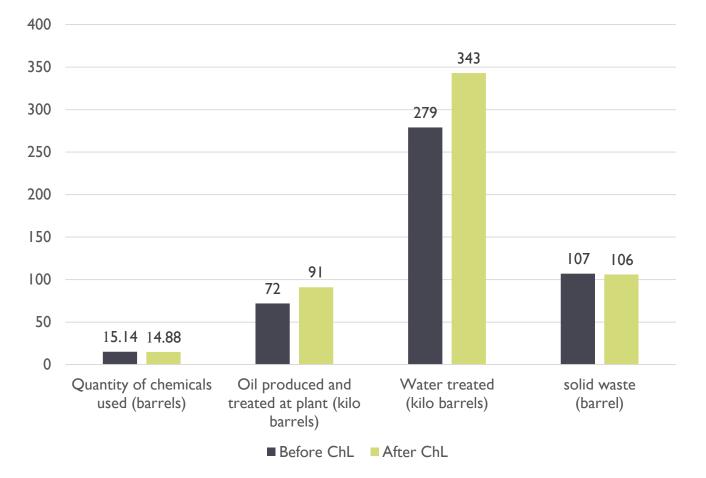


Environmental benefits:

- Removal of 99% of the oil and suspended solids from wastewater
- Reduction in polymer consumption
- Reduction of the environmental impact of treated water
- Energy savings
- No sub-products in the chemicals production process due to a new methodology used by Nalco

Social benefits:

- Creation of jobs (in laboratories)
- Long-term commercial relationship with continuous process improvement
- Risk reduction and better working conditions



More oil and water is treated while the consumption of certain chemicals is reduced (emulsion breaker, water purifier) and less solid waste was generated.

Results of case studies of SMART 5 applications





1st criterion: Reduction of adverse impacts

	Bonding of boxes Bambi and Henkel	Cleaning of Hotel rooms Hotel Windsor in Rio
Waste	- 30%	Reduced packaging waste
Energy	Direct : - 53%	No data
Resources	Chemicals : - 30%	Chemicals : - 80%

Results of case studies of SMART 5 applications

2 nd criterion: Improved handling and storage				
	Bonding of boxes Bambi and Henkel	Cleaning of Hotel rooms Hotel Windsor in Rio		
SDB	Available	Available		
3 rd criterion: No subs	3 rd criterion: No substitution of chemicals by substances with a higher risk			
	Bonding of boxes Bambi and Henkel	Cleaning of Hotel rooms Hotel Windsor in Rio		
Substitution	Yes, with a more efficient adhesive (not classified)	No substitution		
Risk	Reduction due to reduced temperatures and pressures Reduced due to decre and automatic dosing with new direct contact adhesive			

Results of case studies of SMART 5 applications

4th criterion: Economic and social benefits are generated

	Bonding of boxes Bambi and Henkel	Cleaning of Hotel rooms Hotel Windsor in Rio
Costs user	Chemicals: -13%, Maintenance etc.: -72%	-76%
Business opportunities	After ChL, same supplier for all machines	Environmental label

5 th criterion: Monitoring of the improvements needs to be possible			
	Bonding of boxes Bambi and Henkel	Cleaning of Hotel rooms Hotel Windsor in Rio	
Monitoring of the indicators	Yes	Yes	

Source: based on UN GHS, 2013

The Global Chemical Leasing Award

III- The global chemical leasing award





MINISTERIUM FÜR EIN LEBENSWERTES ÖSTERREICH



Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety







Major Overall Benefits

IV- The major overall benefits





Better competitiveness and differentiation Enlargement of market shares Higher profits Good relationships with clients Greater facility in complying with international legislation Improved environmental profile





Increased resource efficiency Improved handling and storage of chemicals Lower operational costs Lower maintenance costs Elimination of downtime Better productivity Better health and safety Lower environmental impact Continuous improvement Reduced liability for chemicals management Precise calculation of activity-related costs Compliance with international regulations Improved image as an innovative company

IV- The major overall benefits





Development of a service portfolio with additional services



Higher competitiveness on the consultancy market



Provision of innovative and effective business and technical solutions



Extension of know-how and of the professional network



Improved image

I - The SMART 5 tool has been developed to help you evaluate the ChL projects and check their obedience to the sustainability criteria

II - This contributes to a **good monitoring** of the projects with a precise and standardized methodology

III - Which gives you better chance to apply and win the **Global Chemical Leasing Award**

IV - Which highlights all the **overall benefits** for the chemicals suppliers, users and for the consultants

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